COSC 201 Review Questions
Midterm
Fall 2017
1.) Write the code to create an enhanced for loop that will go through every member of an ArrayList <String> myArray and print it out to the console.
2.) Give the code to create an array of strings of size 10 called myStrings.
3.) What is the difference between Object and Class?
4.) Give an algorithm to solve the maximum subsequence sum problem in less than $O\left(n^{\wedge} 3\right)$ time.
5.) Give the code to create a class called Student that IS-A Person. The class Student should have one field a double called gpa. Be sure to create the constructor, toString, accessors and mutators for Student. The constructor will take in 5 parameters: String n, int ag, String ad, String p, double g and assume that the constructor for Person is formatted: Person(String n, int ag, String ad, String p).
6.) What is an IS-A relationship?
7.) Give the code to create an interface called myInterface. The interface should have two methods, add and remove. Add has two parameters, int a and int b. Remove has one paramter, int idx.
8.) Give the code to implement an interface called Whee. Whee's interface defintion:
public interface Whee $\{$
public int add2ints(int a, int b);
\}
Your implementation of this interface should include simply the methods needed.
9.) Define algorithm analysis.
10.) What is the time complexity of this snippet of code:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { for }(\mathrm{i}=0 ; \mathrm{i}<\mathrm{n} ; \mathrm{i}++) \\
& \quad \text { for }(\mathrm{j}=0 ; \mathrm{j}<\mathrm{n} ; \mathrm{j}++) \\
& \quad \text { for }(\mathrm{k}=0 ; \mathrm{k}<\mathrm{n} ; \mathrm{k}++) \\
& \\
& \quad \text { System.out.println}\left(\mathrm{k} * \mathrm{i}^{*} \mathrm{j}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

11.) Give the code to create an Iterator for the ArrayList myArray. Use that Iterator to print out the elements in myArray.
12.) What is the interface for Iterator?
13.) Name 5 of the 8 primary methods in the Collection interface.
14.) What is recursion?
15.) Give the recursive method for the summation of integers from 1 to N .
16.) Give the recursive method to find the Fibonacci sequence number at a given index $i$ (i.e. the ith number in the sequence).
17.) Given the following set of number $\{1,-4,3,2,12,-8,-9,18\}$, what is the maximum contiguous subsequence sum for said set?
18.) Create an abstract class called Person. The class should include name, age and address. Include the usual methods (constructors, getters, setters) and an abstract method toString.
19.) Give the code to determine if a variable myvar is of type Integer.
20.) Give the code to print out the command line arguments in a main method. Be sure to include any error checking you may need.
21.) What is polymorphism?
22.) Will the following code snippet work?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Student } \mathrm{s}=\text { new Student }(\ldots) ; \\
& \text { Person } \mathrm{p}=\mathrm{s} ; \\
& \text { p.getName(); } \\
& \text { p.getGPA }() ;
\end{aligned}
$$

Assume that Person has an implementation of getName, but not an implementation of getGPA. If this does not work, how can I use $\mathbf{p}$ to call getGPA?
23.) If I wanted to create a class that is generic, but restricted to include only types that extend Person, what would the class signature look like?
24.) Is LinkedList in Java doubly or singly linked?
25.) What's the difference between Iterator and ListIterator?
26.) Create a PriorityQueue of Strings. Add the following Strings to the queue: "Alan", "COSC 201", "Computer", "Science", "Schaefer", "SMCM". If we printed out this queue in order of access, what would print?
27.) Provide the pseudocode for the add method for a doubly-linked LinkedList, adding an element to a LinkedList at index i. You should consider and handle all error cases and assume the following about the classes:

## Node Class:

AnyType data;
Node prev;
Node next;
Node(AnyType d) //constructor

## LinkedList Class:

Node head;
Node tail;
int size;
28.) Declare and instantiate an Integer queue in Java. Add the following numbers to the queue: $1,4,22,-4,3,1$. If we printed the queue out in order of access, what would print?
29.) Stacks and Queues are characterized by their access order. One is LIFO and one is FIFO. Which is which?
30.) Declare and instantiate an Integer stack in Java. Add the following numbers to the stack: $1,4,22,-4,3,1$. If we printed the stack out in order of access, what would print?

