How to find primary source material

MATH200

Outline

- Picking a topic
- How to start
- What to do if you "can't find anything"

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Picking a topic

- Look at the topic list
- Is there one that you understand?
 - Does it interest you (5 weeks worth)?
- Yay! You have a topic!
- No? Google the one you understand most.
- See above sub questions
- \bullet Repeat as necessary until you figure out which one interests you
- Option 2: Wait until right before something is due and just pick one at random. (not recommended)

• Through the school

How to start

• Through Google

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Through the school (part 1)

- \bullet Go to the library website ($\underline{\text{https://library.smcm.edu}}$)
- Choose "Databases" then the letter M databases
- Choose MathSciNet via AMS

SMCM Library Databases Webpage



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Through the school (part 2)

- Log in with your library login information (library card # is under the barcode on your Student ID)
- Search for your topic

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- Click on the "find it" button
- If available, you will be able to download the pdf here
- If not available, you can do an InterLibary Loan request for it, but you should try to find at least a few that are available more quickly

Example Search (MathSciNet)



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Through Google

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- Just search for your topic
 - May result in things that are not useful
 - Wikipedia is NOT a primary source, but can give you an idea of what other sources are out there (see the "References" section of the topic page).
 - Be ware of misinformation (if one site doesn't agree with anyone else, you may want to think again about using it)
- Go to https://scholar. Google.com
 - Search for your topic
 - Note that if a PDF is available, you'll see that in blue on the right side of the screen (arXiv is a valid place to download from)

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Google Scholar Example | Indiana |

What to do if you "can't find anything"

- Consider broadening your search parameters
- Consider removing some parameters
- Check in another location (on campus vs. WWW)
- Ask TA or Prof for suggestions (we'll want to know what you tried)
 (fair warning that this may result in a "Let me Google that for you" link)
- Go to the Library and talk to the Librarians (research is their specialty!)

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AMS Citations

- American Mathematical Society, not American Meteorological Society!
- Citations are done in-line with a number, referencing an entry in the bibliography:

DIDIOGRAPHY:

2. A HISTORY OF TREISMAN-STYLE
WORKSHOPS
Ust Treisman developed a specific style of workshops in the
1960s and 70s at University of California, Berkley, with the
philosoply "not to 'fix the students,' but rather to change
at least a small part of the university evironment, by anlarge in some welcoming, both socially and candennically." [17]
These workshops were the result of observations by Treisman
Trees workshops were the result of observations by Treisman
calculus courses [10]. Specifically, Treisman was attempting
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calculus courses [10]. Specifically for the study habits of varcious ethnicities of calculus students. Treisman railcaid that
African American students' academic lives were quite sepa-

- R. Asera. Calculus and community: A history of the emerging scholars program. Technical report, National Board., 2001.
 M. V. Bonszuge. An efficacy study of the calculus workshop model. CBMS Issues in Mathematics Education, 4117–137, 1994.
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AMS Citations

Reference style:

[number] Author(s) name, article name, journal/book name, volume (if it exists), page numbers, publisher, year.

[number] Author(s) name, article name, website, accessed: date.

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